PROTECTION

Occupation.

145. Of the total number of convicts, 93 were Government or Municipal servants, 349 were professional persons, 254 were agriculturists, 112 were engaged in commerce and trade, 27 were employed in arts and crafts, and 1,858 in other miscellaneous occupations.

Education.

146. The two schools Kannada and Urdu continued to work in the Central Jail, Bangalore. The religious ministers of the jails at Bangalore and Mysore continued to visit the respective jails regularly once a week to impart religious and moral instruction to the prisoners. A library containing books on religious and moral subjects is attached in both the jails for the use of prisoners.

Finance.

147. Excluding the outlay on repairs, the gross expenditure in the jails for the year was Rs. 3,64,841 (Rs. 3,89,125). The average cost per head for the year for the maintenance of prisoners was Rs. 372 against Rs. 437 in the previous year.

148. The gross expenditure in the lock-ups for the year was Rs. 1,73,304 against Rs. 1,67,982 for the previous year. The average cost per head for the year for the maintenance of prisoners was Rs. 474 (Rs. 408).

General.

149. There was heavy influx of communist detenus in jails during the year. Action was being taken to re-organise the industries in the Central Jail, Bangalore on a modern basis by installing machinery. Several recommendations made by the Prison Reforms Committee were sanctioned. The benefit of release on parole for 10 days in a year was approved. The services of nursing orderlies, from among the prison staff in the Central Jail, Bangalore, was working satisfactorily.

(ix) Registration of Assurances.

Registration Offices.

150. The total number of Sub-Registry Offices in the State were 86, of which 65 were special and 21 *Ex-officio*.

Registration.

151. The total number of documents registered during the year was 1,46,192 (2,40,317). The aggregate value of the documents registered in all the districts amounted to Rs. 9,57,43,449 (Rs. 15,66,39,531). The number of registered documents relating to Co-operative Societies and other institutions wholly or partly exempted

from payment of registration fees, was 4,337 (8,345) and the amount of fees, which the Government had to forego in respect of these documents, was Rs. 28,431 (Rs. 52,232). The mutation fee collected during the year was Rs. 1,39,988 (Rs. 2,08,561).

152. The revenue and expenditure of the Department during the year amounted to Rs. 5,45,010 (Rs. 8,44,030) and Rs. 3,78,138 (Rs. 3,66,781). The income and expenditure of the Yelandur Sub-Registry Office was Rs. 3,706 (Rs. 5,217), and Rs. 2,469 (Rs. 2,825) respectively. Finance.

153. An order was issued exempting from stamp duty, registration charges and surcharge duties on documents pertaining to the transfer of properties in connection with the Gopal Rao Enquiry Committee. Changes in Act and Rules.

154. Sanction was accorded for the levy of a surchage duty at one per cent on transfers of immoveable properties situated in the Sagar Town Municipal area with effect from 1st September 1949.

155. Sanction was accorded for the levy of a surcharge duty at one per cent on transfers of immoveable properties situated in the Tumkur Town Municipal area with effect from 1st February 1950.

156. Exemption was granted from payment of stamp, registration charges and surcharge duties on conveyances by private individuals, etc., in favour of Government.

157. An order was issued cancelling the exemption from the levy of surcharge stamp duty granted in respect of immoveable properties within the limits of the Sagar Town Municipality.

158. A notification was issued transferring the Registration jurisdiction of 27 villages from the Malur sub-district to the Kolar sub-district with effect from 1st March 1950.

MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION.

Town and Minor Municipalities.

159. There were 55 Town and 51 Minor Municipalities in the State. The Village Panchayet of Y. N. Hosakote (Tumkur District) was converted into a Minor Municipality